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COBRAS

Arizona Mountain Kingsnake

Lampropeltis pyromelana

Lampropeltis pyromelana is a slender kingsnake from the mountains of the south-western USA, known for its red, black and white bands and its white snout. It reaches 50-100 cm, is fast and diurnal, and is kept dry and cool with a brumation. In the wild the species feeds mainly on lizards and can live 15-20 years.

Família: Colubridae Nome anterior: *Ophibolus pyromelanus*

DADOS PRINCIPAIS

O ANIMAL

Tamanho adulto	**50-100 cm** comprimento total com a cauda
Longevidade	**15-20 anos**
Ativo	**De dia e ao crepúsculo**
Estilo de vida	**Rupícola e terrestre**
Habitat	**Floresta de montanha e terreno rochoso**
Dificuldade	**Intermediário**

CUIDADOS

Terrário mín.	**90 × 45 × 45 cm** C × L × A para 1 adulto
Temperatura, dia	**22-28 °C**
Ponto quente	**28-30 °C**
Temperatura, noite	**15-20 °C**
Umidade	**40-50%**
Água	**Recipiente de água**
UVB	**Opcional**
Repouso de inverno	**10-13 °C** 8-12 semanas
Alimentação	**Vertebrados**
Mantido	**Sozinho**

REPRODUÇÃO

Reprodução	**Ovíparo**
Tamanho da postura	**3-9 ovos**
Incubação	**55-70 dias** a 26-29 °C

PROTEÇÃO E DOCUMENTAÇÃO

CITES	**Não listado**
Anexo da UE	**Não listado**
IUCN	**Menos preocupante (LC)**

Resumo dos cuidados

O TERRÁRIO	An adult needs at least 90 × 45 × 45 cm (length × width × height). The species is active, climbs on rocks and branches and uses the full height, so a taller enclosure is an advantage.
TEMPERATURA	The species comes from cooler mountain regions and does not tolerate the high temperatures used for many other kingsnakes.
UMIDADE E ÁGUA	The species comes from a dry area and manages with a humidity of 40-50 %, and brief peaks up to 60 % are of no consequence. Prolonged high humidity causes skin problems and respiratory infections.
ILUMINAÇÃO E UVB	The species is most active in the morning and late afternoon but stays close to its hiding places. UVB is not necessary, but weak UVB lighting over part of the enclosure is beneficial and provides a natural day rhythm.
ALIMENTAÇÃO	In the wild, lizards are the main food, and the snake also takes snakes, small rodents, bats and birds. In captivity most animals eat frozen-thawed mice, which is the safest diet.
COMPORTAMENTO E MANUSEIO	*Lampropeltis pyromelana* is fast and lively and suits a keeper with experience of other snakes best. Juveniles can be nervous and release musk or nip, but many become calm with regular, short handling.
ÁREA DE OCORRÊNCIA NATURAL	Estados Unidos.