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SAPOS E RÃS

Black-webbed Treefrog

Rhacophorus kio

Rhacophorus kio is a large, grass-green flying frog from the rainforests of southern China, Laos, Thailand and Vietnam. Females reach up to 8 cm. The webbing is orange-yellow with a black spot at the base of each finger and toe, and the frog spreads it out when it glides between the trees. The species is nocturnal and shy, and little is known about its care in captivity.

Família: Rhacophoridae

DADOS PRINCIPAIS

O ANIMAL

Tamanho adulto	**6-8 cm** comprimento focinho-cloaca
Longevidade	**5-10 anos**
Ativo	**À noite**
Estilo de vida	**Arborícola**
Habitat	**Floresta tropical e floresta de montanha**
Toxinas na pele	**Nenhuma conhecida**
Dificuldade	**Intermediário**

CUIDADOS

Terrário mín.	**60 × 45 × 90 cm** C × L × A para 3 adultos
Temperatura, dia	**21-24 °C**
Temperatura, noite	**18-21 °C**
Umidade	**70-90%**
Água	**Recipiente de água** profundidade 2-3 cm
UVB	**Recomendado** Zona de Ferguson 1
Alimentação	**Insetos**
Mantido	**Sozinho, em casal ou em grupo**

REPRODUÇÃO

Reprodução	**Ovíparo**
Desenvolvimento	**Girinos na água**
Local de postura	**Em um ninho de espuma**
Ovos por postura	**130-180**
Eclosão	**5 dias**
Fase larval	**45-85 dias** da eclosão até a metamorfose
Alimentação das larvas	**Algas/plantas e ração completa**
Cuidado parental	**Nenhum**

PROTEÇÃO E DOCUMENTAÇÃO

CITES	**Não listado**
IUCN	**Menos preocupante (LC)**

Resumo dos cuidados

O TERRÁRIO	Little is known about keeping *Rhacophorus kio*.
TEMPERATURA	Keep the terrarium at 21-24 °C by day, corresponding to ordinary room temperature, and let it fall to 18-21 °C at night. The frog tolerates short periods up to 27-28 °C, but the temperature must not exceed 28 °C.
UMIDADE E NEBULIZAÇÃO	Humidity should be 70-90 %, lowest by day and highest at night.
ÁGUA E QUALIDADE DA ÁGUA	Place a stable, shallow water bowl in the terrarium, which the frog can sit in at night. 2-3 cm of water is enough, so that the frog easily gets out again.
ILUMINAÇÃO E UVB	The frog is arboreal, and a weak UVB source of the type used for tropical forest animals is recommended. A low UV index on the uppermost leaves (Ferguson zone 1) is a cautious starting point.
ALIMENTAÇÃO	*Rhacophorus kio* eats live insects. Crickets can be used throughout its life, from small newly hatched ones to large ones, supplemented with small cockroaches, soldier fly larvae and an occasional wax moth larva as a treat.
COMPORTAMENTO E MANUSEIO	The species is nocturnal and shy and spends the day hidden among the leaves; most of the time it sits on the glass or on the furnishings.
ÁREA DE OCORRÊNCIA NATURAL	China, Laos, Tailândia e Vietnã.