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SAPOS E RÃS

Ebenau's Golden Frog

Mantella ebenaui

Mantella ebenaui is a small, diurnal frog from northern Madagascar. It is light brown to copper-coloured on the back, often with a pale X-shaped pattern, and black on the sides, and it reaches 20-26 mm. The species has one of the largest ranges in the genus, tolerates heat well and lays its eggs on land near water. Little is known about the care of this particular species.

Família: Mantellidae

DADOS PRINCIPAIS

O ANIMAL

Tamanho adulto	**20-26 mm** comprimento focinho-cloaca
Longevidade	**4-8 anos**
Ativo	**De dia**
Estilo de vida	**Terrestre**
Habitat	**Floresta seca e floresta tropical**
Toxinas na pele na natureza	**Leves**
Toxinas na pele em cativeiro	**Nenhuma** Animais nascidos em cativeiro. Animais capturados na natureza podem manter as toxinas por muito tempo
Dificuldade	**Intermediário**

REPRODUÇÃO

Reprodução	**Ovíparo**
Desenvolvimento	**Girinos na água**
Local de postura	**No chão**
Ovos por postura	**25-30**
Fase larval	**56-70 dias** da eclosão até a metamorfose
Alimentação das larvas	**Algas/plantas e ração completa**
Cuidado parental	**Nenhum**

CUIDADOS

Terrário mín.	**60 × 30 × 30 cm** C × L × A para 4 adultos
Temperatura, dia	**22-26 °C**
Temperatura, noite	**18-21 °C**
Umidade	**70-100%**
Água	**Recipiente de água** profundidade 1-2 cm
UVB	**Opcional** Zona de Ferguson 1
Alimentação	**Pequenos invertebrados (colêmbolos, drosófilas)**
Mantido	**Em grupo**

PROTEÇÃO E DOCUMENTAÇÃO

CITES	**Apêndice II**
IUCN	**Menos preocupante (LC)**

Resumo dos cuidados

O TERRÁRIO	Little is known about the care of *Mantella ebenaui*, and the species has received little attention in the hobby.
TEMPERATURA	Because the species lives in the lowlands, it tolerates heat better than many others in the genus. Use 22-26 °C by day and 18-21 °C at night; the figures are borrowed from the genus and adapted to the species' lowland climate.
UMIDADE E NEBULIZAÇÃO	Keep the humidity at 70-100 %. High humidity makes the animals show themselves more.
ÁGUA E QUALIDADE DA ÁGUA	Place a shallow water bowl in the enclosure and keep it always full. The depth is 1-2 cm, so that the animals can easily get in and out.
ILUMINAÇÃO E UVB	The light must suit the plants, but must not heat the enclosure. Provide a 10-12 hour day and darkness at night. There is no evidence that the species needs UVB.
ALIMENTAÇÃO	The species is a micro-feeder and eats small arthropods. The main foods are fruit flies, springtails, small isopods and newly hatched crickets.
COMPORTAMENTO E MANUSEIO	The species is shy in captivity and hides a great deal, but comes out more at high humidity and suitable warmth. Males are territorial and defend places where they call, while females are more withdrawn.
ÁREA DE OCORRÊNCIA NATURAL	Madagascar.