herpy

SALAMANDRAS E TRITÕES

Vietnam Crocodile Newt

Tylototriton vietnamensis

Tylototriton vietnamensis is a small, dark crocodile newt of 12-17 cm from a few forest remnants in northern Vietnam. The animal is black to brownish grey, with clearly yellow to orange-red fingers, toes and tail base, and lives mostly on land. The species was only described in 2005 and is vulnerable in the wild.

Família: Salamandridae **Toxinas leves na pele**

DADOS PRINCIPAIS

O ANIMAL

Tamanho adulto	**12-17 cm** comprimento total com a cauda
Peso	**7-18 g**
Longevidade	**10-20 anos**
Ativo	**Ao crepúsculo e à noite**
Estilo de vida	**Terrestre**
Habitat	**Floresta tropical**
Toxinas na pele	**Leves** Lave as mãos após o contato e mantenha os dedos longe dos olhos e da boca
Dificuldade	**Intermediário**

REPRODUÇÃO

Reprodução	**Ovíparo**
Desenvolvimento	**Larvas na água**
Local de postura	**No chão**
Maturidade sexual	**18 meses**
Ovos por temporada	**5-178**
Posturas por ano	**1-2**
Eclosão	**28 dias** a 22-24 °C
Fase larval	**60-180 dias** da eclosão até a metamorfose
Alimentação das larvas	**Pequenos invertebrados aquáticos (dáfnias, larvas de mosquito)**
Cuidado parental	**Nenhum**

CUIDADOS

Terrário mín.	**60 × 40 × 40 cm** C × L × A para 3 adultos
Temperatura, dia	**23-25 °C**
Temperatura, noite	**23-25 °C**
Umidade	**70-100%**
Água	**Área aquática** profundidade 1-5 cm
UVB	**Não necessário**
Alimentação	**Insetos e minhocas/caracóis**
Mantido	**Em casal ou em grupo**

PROTEÇÃO E DOCUMENTAÇÃO

CITES	**Apêndice II**
Anexo da UE	**Anexo B**
IUCN	**Vulnerável (VU)**

Resumo dos cuidados

O TERRÁRIO	*Tylototriton vietnamensis* is kept in a rainforest enclosure with a water section.
TEMPERATURA	From March to October the enclosure is kept at 23-25 °C around the clock; a separate night temperature is not documented. Short peaks above 30 °C are tolerated, but there must always be cooler places in the enclosure.
UMIDADE E NEBULIZAÇÃO	Humidity is 70-100 % in the warm part of the year. The enclosure is misted daily with a plant sprayer or a rain system; the amount depends on the size and ventilation of the enclosure.
ÁGUA E QUALIDADE DA ÁGUA	The water section is 1-5 cm deep and takes up a quarter of the floor area. The water is soft and slightly acidic (pH 6.4-6.8) as in the wild. Always provide an easy exit with stones, gravel or a flat bank.
ILUMINAÇÃO E UVB	Light is of no particular importance to the animals, and they do not like strong light. Lighting can be set to suit the plants, with LED strips or fluorescent tubes, or just the light that falls into the room. UVB is not necessary.
ALIMENTAÇÃO	Adults are fed earthworms, crickets and waxworms, and the feeder animals are themselves fed a varied diet and dusted with vitamin and mineral supplements.
COMPORTAMENTO E MANUSEIO	The animals seek cover and do not like bright light. Males go into the water in the breeding season, become paler and develop noticeably different skin, and wait for the females. For the rest of the year both sexes live on land.
ÁREA DE OCORRÊNCIA NATURAL	Vietnã.