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SALAMANDRAS E TRITÕES

Himalayan Crocodile Newt

Tylototriton verrucosus

Tylototriton verrucosus is a large, dark brown crocodile newt from the mountains of western Yunnan, northern Myanmar and adjoining regions. It grows to 13-24 cm and is the most water-loving of the crocodile newts kept in enclosures: during the warm part of the year it often stays entirely in the water, where it is active and inquisitive.

Família: Salamandridae Nome anterior: *Pleurodeles verrucosus; Triturus verrucosus* **Toxinas leves na pele**

DADOS PRINCIPAIS

O ANIMAL

Tamanho adulto	**13-24 cm** comprimento total com a cauda
Peso	**12-18 g**
Longevidade	**10-20 anos**
Ativo	**Ao crepúsculo e à noite**
Estilo de vida	**Semiaquático**
Habitat	**Floresta de montanha e área úmida**
Toxinas na pele	**Leves** Lave as mãos após o contato e mantenha os dedos longe dos olhos e da boca
Dificuldade	**Intermediário**

CUIDADOS

Terrário mín.	**60 × 30 × 35 cm** C × L × A para 4 adultos
Temperatura, dia	**18-25 °C**
Temperatura, noite	**15-20 °C**
Umidade	**70-90%**
Água	**Aquaterrário** profundidade 12-15 cm
UVB	**Não necessário**
Alimentação	**Insetos, vertebrados e minhocas/caracóis**
Mantido	**Em casal ou em grupo**

REPRODUÇÃO

Reprodução	**Ovíparo**
Desenvolvimento	**Larvas na água**
Local de postura	**Na água**
Maturidade sexual	**12-36 meses**
Ovos por temporada	**30-200**
Eclosão	**10-12 dias** a 25 °C
Fase larval	**90-150 dias** da eclosão até a metamorfose
Alimentação das larvas	**Outros larvas e pequenos invertebrados aquáticos (dáfnias, larvas de mosquito)**
Cuidado parental	**Nenhum**

PROTEÇÃO E DOCUMENTAÇÃO

CITES	**Apêndice II**
Anexo da UE	**Anexo B**
IUCN	**Quase ameaçado (NT)**

Resumo dos cuidados

O TERRÁRIO	*Tylototriton verrucosus* is best kept in an aquaterrarium. Above about 18 °C the dark form can be kept entirely in water. An aquarium of 60 × 30 × 35 cm suits two pairs of the dark form and fewer animals of the larger forms.
TEMPERATURA	By day the temperature should be 18-25 °C, with about 25 °C in summer, and 15-20 °C at night. In winter the animals are kept at 15-18 °C. The dark form tolerates both higher and lower temperatures for a few days without harm.
UMIDADE E NEBULIZAÇÃO	Humidity is not decisive in a water-rich set-up; 70-90 % is an estimate. Where there is land, keep the land section damp but not muddy. Make sure the air does not stand still.
ÁGUA E QUALIDADE DA ÁGUA	The water depth is 12-15 cm. Change 20-30 % of the water every other week, and more often if there is a lot of uneaten food. Tap water is treated with a water conditioner against chlorine, chloramine and heavy metals before use.
ILUMINAÇÃO E UVB	The species is active at dusk and at night, and UVB is not necessary. A day length of about 12 hours in summer is a good, but not essential, rhythm, and otherwise the light just needs to suit the plants. Avoid direct sun.
ALIMENTAÇÃO	The species is not fussy, and large females can eat astonishing amounts in a short time.
COMPORTAMENTO E MANUSEIO	In the water the animal is active and inquisitive and can become quite tame: it swims over to the glass for food and takes food from tweezers and fingers. It is not suited to daily handling, however.
ÁREA DE OCORRÊNCIA NATURAL	China, Mianmar (Birmânia), Índia e Tailândia.