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IGUANAS

Blue Spiny Lizard

Sceloporus cyanogenys

Sceloporus cyanogenys is a stocky, rough-scaled lizard from rocky country in southern Texas and eastern Mexico. The male has a blue throat, blue sides and a black collar. The species is diurnal, feeds on insects and needs a roomy, dry enclosure with rocks, UVB and a hot basking spot. It gives birth to live young and is shy and fast.

Família: Phrynosomatidae

DADOS PRINCIPAIS

O ANIMAL

Tamanho adulto	**25-36 cm** comprimento total com a cauda
Longevidade	**5-7 anos**
Ativo	**De dia**
Estilo de vida	**Rupícola e terrestre**
Habitat	**Semideserto e terreno rochoso**
Dificuldade	**Intermediário**

CUIDADOS

Terrário mín.	**100 × 50 × 50 cm** C × L × A para 1 adulto
Temperatura, dia	**27-31 °C**
Ponto quente	**38-42 °C**
Temperatura, noite	**21-26 °C**
Umidade	**30-50%**
Água	**Recipiente de água**
UVB	**Essencial** Zona de Ferguson 3
Alimentação	**Insetos**
Mantido	**Sozinho, em casal ou um macho com várias fêmeas**

REPRODUÇÃO

Reprodução	**Vivíparo**
Maturidade sexual	**28-36 meses**
Tamanho da ninhada	**5-20 filhotes**
Posturas por ano	**1**
Gestação	**90-120 dias**

PROTEÇÃO E DOCUMENTAÇÃO

CITES	**Não listado**
Anexo da UE	**Não listado**
IUCN	**Não avaliado (NE)**

Resumo dos cuidados

O TERRÁRIO	An adult needs an enclosure of at least 100 × 50 × 50 cm (length × width × height).
TEMPERATURA	The enclosure should have a clear gradient. The air should be 27-31 °C during the day, and the basking spot should be 38-42 °C on the surface, measured with an infrared thermometer.
UMIDADE E ÁGUA	The air should be dry to moderately humid: 30-50 %. The species does poorly in humid, stagnant air, so ventilation should be good. Provide a low, stable bowl of fresh water, and change the water daily.
ILUMINAÇÃO E UVB	*Sceloporus cyanogenys* is diurnal and basks in full sun, so it needs strong light and UVB. Use a T5 HO tube (Ferguson zone 3) in a reflector over the basking spot, and keep the distance within the manufacturer's recommendation.
ALIMENTAÇÃO	*Sceloporus cyanogenys* eats insects. Give a varied diet of live insects: crickets, small cockroaches, mealworms, morio worms, silkworms and waxworms (the last sparingly).
COMPORTAMENTO E MANUSEIO	The animal is fast and shy and defends itself by biting and fleeing. It is an animal to look at, not to handle. If it has to be picked up, hold the body from neck to vent.
ÁREA DE OCORRÊNCIA NATURAL	Estados Unidos, México e Guatemala.