herpy

IGUANAS

Rhinoceros Iguana

Cyclura cornuta

Cyclura cornuta is a heavy, powerful rock iguana from the dry regions of Hispaniola in the Caribbean. It has horn-like bumps on the snout, grows to 60-136 cm and weighs 4.5-9 kg. The species is threatened in the wild. Captive-bred animals are usually calm, but the species needs a small room of its own, strong heat and UVB, a plant-based diet and care for 20 years or more.

Família: Iguanidae Nome anterior: *Aloponotus cornutus; Iguana cornuta; Lacerta cornuta; Metopoceros cornutus*

DADOS PRINCIPAIS

O ANIMAL

Tamanho adulto	**60-136 cm** comprimento total com a cauda
Peso	**4.500-9.000 g**
Longevidade	**15-25 anos**
Ativo	**De dia**
Estilo de vida	**Rupícola, terrestre e escavador**
Habitat	**Semideserto, floresta seca e terreno rochoso**
Dificuldade	**Experiente**

CUIDADOS

Terrário mín.	**400 × 250 × 200 cm** C × L × A para 2 adultos
Temperatura, dia	**27-33 °C**
Ponto quente	**36-42 °C**
Temperatura, noite	**20-24 °C**
Umidade	**40-60%**
Água	**Recipiente de água**
UVB	**Essencial** Zona de Ferguson 3
Alimentação	**Frutas e plantas**
Mantido	**Sozinho ou em casal**

REPRODUÇÃO

Reprodução	**Ovíparo**
Maturidade sexual	**24-108 meses**
Tamanho da postura	**5-24 ovos**
Posturas por ano	**1**
Incubação	**85-92 dias** a 30 °C

PROTEÇÃO E DOCUMENTAÇÃO

CITES	**Apêndice I**
Anexo da UE	**Anexo A**
IUCN	**Em perigo (EN)**

Resumo dos cuidados

O TERRÁRIO	Space is the decisive factor in keeping *Cyclura cornuta*; too little space and too little sunlight are the main reasons the animals do not thrive in captivity.
TEMPERATURA	The air should be 27-33 °C during the day, and the burrows may be slightly cooler. The basking spot should be 36-42 °C on the surface.
UMIDADE E ÁGUA	The species comes from a dry climate, and the humidity in the enclosure should be moderate, around 40-60 %. The figures are not documented for the species but are based on the climate of its habitat.
ILUMINAÇÃO E UVB	*Cyclura cornuta* is diurnal and needs heat, strong daylight and UVB.
ALIMENTAÇÃO	The species is almost purely herbivorous. The basis is leafy greens: dandelion and cabbage leaves such as turnip greens and mustard greens, supplemented with endive, chicory and watercress.
COMPORTAMENTO E MANUSEIO	Captive-bred animals are mostly calm and tolerant, and some seek attention. Mood can vary, and an otherwise friendly animal may have periods when it wants to be left alone.
ÁREA DE OCORRÊNCIA NATURAL	Haiti e República Dominicana.