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GECKOS

Sinai fan-fingered gecko

Ptyodactylus guttatus

A slender rock gecko with fan-shaped toes and a pattern of dark and light spots on the back. It lives on rocks and stone walls in Sinai, the Negev and neighbouring countries. Little is known about its care, so many figures are borrowed from the genus.

Família: Phyllodactylidae Nome anterior: *Ptyodactylus gecko; Gecko maculatus*

DADOS PRINCIPAIS

O ANIMAL

Tamanho adulto	**6-9 cm** comprimento focinho-cloaca
Longevidade	**10-11 anos**
Ativo	**Ao crepúsculo e à noite**
Estilo de vida	**Rupícola**
Habitat	**Deserto e terreno rochoso**
Dificuldade	**Intermediário**

CUIDADOS

Terrário mín.	**60 × 40 × 60 cm** C × L × A para 2 adultos
Temperatura, dia	**27-32 °C**
Ponto quente	**32-38 °C**
Temperatura, noite	**18-22 °C**
Umidade	**30-50%**
UVB	**Opcional**
Repouso de inverno	**10-21 °C** 8-12 semanas
Alimentação	**Insetos**
Mantido	**Sozinho ou em casal**

REPRODUÇÃO

Reprodução	**Ovíparo**
Maturidade sexual	**12 meses**
Tamanho da postura	**2 ovos**
Posturas por ano	**5-6**
Incubação	**45-100 dias** a 27-30 °C

PROTEÇÃO E DOCUMENTAÇÃO

CITES	**Não listado**
Anexo da UE	**Não listado**
IUCN	**Menos preocupante (LC)**

Resumo dos cuidados

O TERRÁRIO	Little is known about the care of *Ptyodactylus guttatus*. The care is based on the genus as a whole, especially *Ptyodactylus hasselquistii*, and on the climate of the hot, dry rocky regions where the species lives.
TEMPERATURA	The enclosure must have a clear temperature gradient. The daytime temperature should be 27-32 °C, and under the heat lamp one spot should reach 32-38 °C. At night the temperature falls to 18-22 °C.
UMIDADE E ÁGUA	*Ptyodactylus guttatus* comes from dry regions and thrives at low to moderate humidity, 30-50 %. The figure is an estimate. The enclosure should not be wet, and the substrate should be able to dry out.
ILUMINAÇÃO E UVB	Use a heat lamp or spotlight over a flat stone so that the animal can bask. The UVB requirement is not documented for the species.
ALIMENTAÇÃO	*Ptyodactylus guttatus* feeds on insects and other small arthropods. Crickets, locusts, mealworms and cockroaches are good feeder insects, and they should be smaller than the distance between the animal's eyes.
COMPORTAMENTO E MANUSEIO	*Ptyodactylus guttatus* is fast and shy and is not suited to handling. Give it peace to settle in after a move. Never grab the tail, because it can be shed. The species is kept in pairs or singly.
ÁREA DE OCORRÊNCIA NATURAL	Egito, Israel, Territórios palestinos, Síria, Jordânia e Arábia Saudita.