herpy

GECKOS

Striped day gecko

Phelsuma lineata

Phelsuma lineata is a small day gecko from Madagascar with a green body, a broad dark stripe along each side and red spots on the back and head. It climbs in plants and bamboo, feeds on insects, nectar and fruit purée, and needs warmth, UVB and high humidity. It is for anyone who wants to watch their animals rather than handle them.

Família: Gekkonidae Nome anterior: *Phelsuma lineatum*

DADOS PRINCIPAIS

O ANIMAL

Tamanho adulto	**10-15 cm** comprimento total com a cauda
Longevidade	**8-15 anos**
Ativo	**De dia**
Estilo de vida	**Arborícola**
Habitat	**Floresta tropical**
Dificuldade	**Intermediário**

CUIDADOS

Terrário mín.	**30 × 30 × 45 cm** C × L × A para 1 adulto
Temperatura, dia	**25-29 °C**
Ponto quente	**28-32 °C**
Temperatura, noite	**20-24 °C**
Umidade	**50-80%**
UVB	**Essencial** Zona de Ferguson 3
Alimentação	**Insetos, frutas, néctar e ração completa**
Mantido	**Sozinho ou em casal**

REPRODUÇÃO

Reprodução	**Ovíparo**
Maturidade sexual	**12-18 meses**
Tamanho da postura	**1-2 ovos**
Incubação	**40-90 dias** a 24-28 °C

PROTEÇÃO E DOCUMENTAÇÃO

CITES	**Apêndice II**
Anexo da UE	**Anexo B**
IUCN	**Menos preocupante (LC)**

Resumo dos cuidados

O TERRÁRIO	A single adult needs a tall enclosure of at least 30 × 30 × 45 cm (length × width × height), and bigger is better. A pair needs at least 45 × 45 × 60 cm so that the animals can get away from each other.
TEMPERATURA	During the day the enclosure should be 25-29 °C. Under a heat source at the top of the enclosure there should be a basking spot of 28-32 °C, e.g. on a branch directly under a small white heat bulb.
UMIDADE E ÁGUA	The humidity should average 50-80 %, measured in the middle of the enclosure. It is natural for it to be lower in the heat and higher at the cooler end, and for it to rise at night and fall during the day.
ILUMINAÇÃO E UVB	The species is diurnal and needs strong light, a basking spot and UVB in order to absorb calcium and show its best colours.
ALIMENTAÇÃO	The species is omnivorous. In the wild it feeds on insects, nectar and fruit juice.
COMPORTAMENTO E MANUSEIO	The species is fast, delicate and nervous. It is better suited to being watched than to being picked up, and handling should be kept to a minimum. The animal can hang on the glass by a single toe, and the skin tears easily.
ÁREA DE OCORRÊNCIA NATURAL	Madagascar.