herpy

GECKOS

Tiger thick-toed gecko

Pachydactylus tigrinus

A small, sturdily built rock gecko with brown and cream crossbands reminiscent of a tiger's stripes. It lives in savanna and rocky terrain in southern Africa and is nocturnal. Little is known about its care, so the advice is based on habitat, climate and related species.

Família: Gekkonidae Nome anterior: *Pachydactylus capensis tigrinus; Pachydactylus capensis rhodesianus*

DADOS PRINCIPAIS

O ANIMAL

Tamanho adulto	**9-11 cm** comprimento total com a cauda
Longevidade	**5-10 anos**
Ativo	**À noite**
Estilo de vida	**Arborícola e rupícola**
Habitat	**Savana e terreno rochoso**
Dificuldade	**Intermediário**

CUIDADOS

Terrário mín.	**40 × 30 × 30 cm** C × L × A para 2 adultos
Temperatura, dia	**24-28 °C**
Ponto quente	**30-33 °C**
Temperatura, noite	**18-22 °C**
Umidade	**30-50%**
UVB	**Opcional** Zona de Ferguson 1
Alimentação	**Insetos**
Mantido	**Sozinho ou em casal**

REPRODUÇÃO

Reprodução	**Ovíparo**
Tamanho da postura	**1-2 ovos**
Incubação	**55-75 dias** a 26-30 °C

PROTEÇÃO E DOCUMENTAÇÃO

CITES	**Não listado**
Anexo da UE	**Não listado**
IUCN	**Menos preocupante (LC)**

Resumo dos cuidados

O TERRÁRIO	Little is known about the care of *Pachydactylus tigrinus*.
TEMPERATURA	The daytime temperature should be 24-28 °C, and under a heat lamp or on a stone under the lamp 30-33 °C. At night the temperature should fall to 18-22 °C. There must always be a cool end so that the animal can choose.
UMIDADE E ÁGUA	The species lives in dry to semi-arid terrain. Keep the humidity at about 30-50 %, and mist lightly now and then on the back wall in the evening so that the animal can drink droplets.
ILUMINAÇÃO E UVB	The species is nocturnal and stays in hiding by day. UVB is therefore not essential when the food is dusted with calcium and D3.
ALIMENTAÇÃO	*Pachydactylus tigrinus* feeds on insects. Crickets, small dubia cockroaches, mealworms and locusts of a suitable size make a good staple. Prey should be smaller than the distance between the animal's eyes.
COMPORTAMENTO E MANUSEIO	The gecko is nervous and fast and is better suited to being watched than handled. Never grab the tail, which can be shed. The social life of the species is not documented.
ÁREA DE OCORRÊNCIA NATURAL	Zimbábue, África do Sul, Botsuana e Moçambique.