herpy

GECKOS

Leopard gecko

Eublepharis macularius

A calm, ground-dwelling gecko from the dry rocky and grassy areas of southern Asia, with true eyelids, a thick tail full of fat reserves and the spotted pattern to which the species name *macularius* refers. It is one of the most commonly kept reptiles in the world and an obvious first choice, provided it gets heat from below and a dry enclosure.

Família: Eublepharidae Nome anterior: *Cyrtodactylus macularius; Eublepharis fasciolatus*

DADOS PRINCIPAIS

O ANIMAL

Tamanho adulto	**17-25 cm** comprimento total com a cauda
Peso	**45-80 g**
Longevidade	**15-20 anos**
Ativo	**Ao crepúsculo e à noite**
Estilo de vida	**Rupícola e terrestre**
Habitat	**Semideserto e terreno rochoso**
Dificuldade	**Iniciante**

CUIDADOS

Terrário mín.	**90 × 45 × 45 cm** C × L × A para 1 adulto
Temperatura, dia	**22-30 °C**
Ponto quente	**32-35 °C**
Temperatura, noite	**18-22 °C**
Umidade	**30-40%**
UVB	**Recomendado** Zona de Ferguson 2
Alimentação	**Insetos**
Mantido	**Sozinho ou um macho com várias fêmeas**

REPRODUÇÃO

Reprodução	**Ovíparo**
Maturidade sexual	**10-18 meses**
Tamanho da postura	**1-2 ovos**
Posturas por ano	**6-10**
Incubação	**35-89 dias** a 26-32 °C

PROTEÇÃO E DOCUMENTAÇÃO

CITES	**Não listado**
Anexo da UE	**Não listado**
IUCN	**Menos preocupante (LC)**

Resumo dos cuidados

O TERRÁRIO	An adult needs an enclosure of at least 90 × 45 × 45 cm (length × width × height), and bigger is always an advantage. *Eublepharis macularius* lives on the ground, so floor area matters far more than height.
TEMPERATURA	*Eublepharis macularius* needs a temperature gradient, so that it can choose for itself. The basking spot under the heat source should be 32-35 °C measured on the surface, and the air at the warm end 28-30 °C.
UMIDADE E ÁGUA	The humidity should be low, around 30-40 %. The enclosure should not be misted daily, because constant moisture causes skin problems, fungus and respiratory infections.
ILUMINAÇÃO E UVB	*Eublepharis macularius* is active at dusk and at night and for many years was kept without UVB. Today, however, a weak UVB light is recommended, because it gives safer calcium metabolism and a more natural daily rhythm.
ALIMENTAÇÃO	*Eublepharis macularius* lives entirely on live insects and other small animals. Good staples are crickets, dubia roaches, mealworms and silkworms.
COMPORTAMENTO E MANUSEIO	*Eublepharis macularius* is calm and curious and can become very tame if handled gently. Lift it from the side with your hand under the body, never by the tail.
ÁREA DE OCORRÊNCIA NATURAL	Afeganistão, Paquistão, Índia e Nepal.