herpy

ESCINCÍDEOS

Red-Eyed Bush Crocodile Skink

Tribolonotus gracilis

Tribolonotus gracilis is a shy, crepuscular skink from the rainforest of northern New Guinea with a red-orange ring around the eyes and rows of pointed, backward-curving scales down the back that give it an armoured, almost dragon-like appearance. It lives hidden in damp forest litter, can make sounds and lays only one egg at a time. It is best suited as a display animal, not for handling.

Família: Scincidae

DADOS PRINCIPAIS

O ANIMAL

Tamanho adulto	**16-20 cm** comprimento total com a cauda
Longevidade	**10 anos**
Ativo	**Ao crepúsculo e à noite**
Estilo de vida	**Terrestre e escavador**
Habitat	**Floresta tropical e área úmida**
Dificuldade	**Intermediário**

CUIDADOS

Terrário mín.	**60 × 45 × 45 cm** C × L × A para 1 adulto
Temperatura, dia	**24-27 °C**
Ponto quente	**27-28 °C**
Temperatura, noite	**22-24 °C**
Umidade	**70-90%**
Água	**Recipiente de água**
UVB	**Recomendado** Zona de Ferguson 1
Alimentação	**Insetos e minhocas/caracóis**
Mantido	**Sozinho ou em casal**

REPRODUÇÃO

Reprodução	**Ovíparo**
Maturidade sexual	**36-48 meses**
Tamanho da postura	**1 ovos**
Posturas por ano	**1-6**
Incubação	**65-85 dias** a 23-27 °C

PROTEÇÃO E DOCUMENTAÇÃO

CITES	**Não listado**
Anexo da UE	**Anexo D**
IUCN	**Menos preocupante (LC)**

Resumo dos cuidados

O TERRÁRIO	A single animal needs a terrarium of at least 60 × 45 × 45 cm, and bigger is better. A pair needs at least 90 × 45 × 45 cm.
TEMPERATURA	*Tribolonotus gracilis* is tropical, but does not bask in the wild. Keep the terrarium at 24-26 °C at the cool end and 27-28 °C in a warm hide, and let the temperature fall to 22-24 °C at night.
UMIDADE E ÁGUA	The species tolerates drying out very badly. The humidity must be 70-80 % by day and higher at night, preferably about 90 %, and the substrate must always be damp.
ILUMINAÇÃO E UVB	The species is active at dusk and at night. The animal can manage and breed without UVB when the food is supplemented with calcium and vitamin D3, but a weak UVB light gives the best results and is recommended.
ALIMENTAÇÃO	The species is insectivorous. The staple diet can be crickets, cockroaches (e.g. *Blaptica dubia* and *Blaberus discoidalis*), mealworms, superworms, hornworms, silkworms, black soldier fly larvae, earthworms and snails.
COMPORTAMENTO E MANUSEIO	*Tribolonotus gracilis* is an animal to watch and not for handling. When seized, it squeals, plays dead, tries to flee or drops its tail, and this stresses it.
ÁREA DE OCORRÊNCIA NATURAL	Papua-Nova Guiné e Indonésia.