herpy

AGAMÍDEOS

Thai Butterfly Lizard

Leiolepis triploida

Leiolepis triploida is a ground-dwelling, diurnal agamid from the Malay Peninsula in which all animals are female. The species has three sets of chromosomes and reproduces by parthenogenesis: the eggs develop without a male, and the hatchlings are genetic copies of the mother. It is large and very long-tailed, digs burrows and requires a dry enclosure with a deep substrate, strong heat and UVB.

Família: Agamidae

DADOS PRINCIPAIS

O ANIMAL

Tamanho adulto	**30-45 cm** comprimento total com a cauda
Longevidade	**8-10 anos**
Ativo	**De dia**
Estilo de vida	**Terrestre e escavador**
Habitat	**Savana**
Dificuldade	**Intermediário**

CUIDADOS

Terrário mín.	**120 × 60 × 50 cm** C × L × A para 1 adulto
Temperatura, dia	**26-35 °C**
Ponto quente	**35-37 °C**
Temperatura, noite	**20-25 °C**
Umidade	**30-50%**
Água	**Recipiente de água**
UVB	**Essencial** Zona de Ferguson 3
Alimentação	**Insetos e plantas**
Mantido	**Sozinho**

REPRODUÇÃO

Reprodução	**Ovíparo**
Tamanho da postura	**1-3 ovos**
Incubação	**55-100 dias** a 27-33 °C

PROTEÇÃO E DOCUMENTAÇÃO

CITES	**Não listado**
Anexo da UE	**Não listado**
IUCN	**Dados insuficientes (DD)**

Resumo dos cuidados

O TERRÁRIO	There is little knowledge about the care of *Leiolepis triploida*. Care is therefore based on *Leiolepis belliana*, the best-known species in the genus. The species is large and very long-tailed, so the enclosure must be spacious.
TEMPERATURA	The basking spot should have a surface temperature of 35-37 °C. The air at the warm end is 30-35 °C, and the cool end is 26-29 °C. At night the temperature falls to 20-25 °C.
UMIDADE E ÁGUA	Humidity should be 30-50 %, and the enclosure should be dry. The bottom layer of the substrate is kept slightly damp, so the burrows do not collapse, but the surface must not be wet, because that causes mould.
ILUMINAÇÃO E UVB	The species is diurnal and basks in open country, so it needs strong light and UVB. Use a tube or LED of 6,500 K over the whole enclosure and a T5 HO UVB tube of 10-12 % over the basking spot.
ALIMENTAÇÃO	The diet has not been studied for *Leiolepis triploida*. The species of the genus eat both plants and insects, and in several of them plants make up the bulk.
COMPORTAMENTO E MANUSEIO	The animal is shy and fast and flees into a burrow when anything moves. It tolerates handling poorly. Because all animals are female, there is no risk of fights between males.
ÁREA DE OCORRÊNCIA NATURAL	Tailândia e Malásia.