herpy

SLANGEN

California Kingsnake

Lampropeltis californiae

Lampropeltis californiae is a smooth, glossy kingsnake from western North America, black or dark brown with white to pale yellow cross-bands or a single white dorsal stripe. It reaches 75-120 cm, eats rodents and other snakes, and is robust and tolerates handling well. It lives for more than 20 years and is kept in a floor enclosure with a basking spot and moderate humidity.

Familie: Colubridae Vroegere naam: *Lampropeltis getula californiae*

KERNGEGEVENS

HET DIER

Volwassen grootte	**75-120 cm** totale lengte incl. staart
Levensduur	**15-25 jaar**
Actief	**Overdag, in de schemering en 's nachts**
Levenswijze	**Bodembewonend**
Leefgebied	**Halfwoestijn en gematigd bos en grasland**
Moeilijkheidsgraad	**Beginner**

VERZORGING

Min. terrarium	**120 × 60 × 60 cm** L × B × H voor 1 volwassen dier
Temperatuur overdag	**21-28 °C**
Zonneplek	**29-32 °C**
Temperatuur 's nachts	**18-22 °C**
Luchtvochtigheid	**40-60%**
Water	**Waterbak**
UVB	**Aanbevolen** Fergusonzone 2
Voeding	**Gewervelde dieren**
Gehouden	**Solitair**

KWEEK

Voortplanting	**Eierleggend**
Legselgrootte	**5-15 eieren**
Incubatie	**60-70 dagen** bij 26-29 °C

BESCHERMING EN PAPIEREN

CITES	**Niet opgenomen**
EU-bijlage	**Niet opgenomen**
IUCN	**Niet bedreigd (LC)**

Verzorging in het kort

HET TERRARIUM	An adult needs an enclosure of at least 120 × 60 × 60 cm (length × width × height). Larger is better, because the species is active and explores the whole enclosure.
TEMPERATUUR	The animal regulates its temperature by moving between warm and cool places, so the enclosure must have a clear gradient.
LUCHTVOCHTIGHEID EN WATER	The humidity should be 40-60 %, measured with a digital hygrometer in the middle of the enclosure. It is higher at the cool end and at night and lower at the warm end, and that is normal.
VERLICHTING EN UVB	The species belongs to Ferguson zone 2: it basks occasionally and receives some sunlight in the wild. It can manage without UVB, but UVB is recommended for the best welfare.
VOEDING	*L. californiae* is a carnivore and needs whole prey. The most important food source in captivity is mice, and as the animal grows, young rats are used.
GEDRAG EN OMGANG	*L. californiae* is robust and tolerant, and that is one of the reasons it is among the most commonly kept snakes. Give a new animal about 2 weeks in peace, and start handling only when it eats regularly.
NATUURLIJK VERSPREIDINGSGEBIED	Verenigde Staten en Mexico.