herpy

SKINKEN

Bobtail

Tiliqua rugosa

A slow, heavily armoured Australian skink that looks like a pine cone with a short, broad tail. *Tiliqua rugosa* has a cobalt-blue tongue that it displays when threatened, lives mostly on plants and forms pairs that stay together year after year. It needs a basking spot, UVB and dry conditions.

Familie: Scincidae Vroegere naam: *Trachydosaurus rugosus*

KERNGEGEVENS

HET DIER

Volwassen grootte	**30-45 cm** totale lengte incl. staart
Gewicht	**600-900 g**
Levensduur	**10-20 jaar**
Actief	**Overdag**
Levenswijze	**Bodembewonend**
Leefgebied	**Halfwoestijn en savanne**
Moeilijkheidsgraad	**Gevorderd**

VERZORGING

Min. terrarium	**120 × 60 × 45 cm** L × B × H voor 2 volwassen dieren
Temperatuur overdag	**15-29 °C**
Zonneplek	**35-40 °C**
Temperatuur ’s nachts	**10-20 °C**
Luchtvochtigheid	**20-40%**
Water	**Waterbak**
UVB	**Onmisbaar** Fergusonzone 3
Voeding	**Insecten, fruit, planten en wormen/slakken**
Gehouden	**Solitair of in paren**

KWEEK

Voortplanting	**Levendbarend**
Worpgrootte	**1-4 jongen**
Legsels per jaar	**1**
Draagtijd	**140-170 dagen**

BESCHERMING EN PAPIEREN

CITES	**Bijlage III**
EU-bijlage	**Bijlage C**
IUCN	**Niet bedreigd (LC)**

Verzorging in het kort

HET TERRARIUM	The species does not climb, so floor area is what matters most. A pair needs at least 120 × 60 × 45 cm (length × width × height), and larger is better. Smaller enclosures of 90-100 × 50-60 cm are only enough for one animal.
TEMPERATUUR	The enclosure must have a clear gradient. The warm end must be 27-29 °C, and under a spotlight the basking spot must reach 35-40 °C for several hours a day. The cool end must be 15-21 °C.
LUCHTVOCHTIGHEID EN WATER	The species comes from dry regions and needs a humidity of 20-40 %. Keep the substrate dry, and do not let water stand. Offer fresh water in a very shallow dish that cannot tip over and that the animal can easily climb out of.
VERLICHTING EN UVB	The species is diurnal and needs a UVB tube switched on for 8-12 hours a day. The tube must be measured regularly or replaced at least every six months, because the UVB output declines.
VOEDING	*Tiliqua rugosa* is omnivorous with an emphasis on plants. Adults need 70-80 % plant food and only 20-30 % animal food.
GEDRAG EN OMGANG	The species is calm and gets used to gentle handling. New animals can be shy, and some revert to hissing and gaping after a few days without contact.
NATUURLIJK VERSPREIDINGSGEBIED	Australië.