herpy

SKINKEN

Centralian Blue-Tongued Lizard

Tiliqua multifasciata

A sturdy skink from Australia's arid interior with a broad, pale grey to light brown body and numerous orange-brown crossbands from neck to tail tip. *Tiliqua multifasciata* has a large head, a black stripe behind the eye and a blue tongue, and it needs a large, dry enclosure with heat and UVB.

Familie: Scincidae Vroegere naam: *Tiliqua occipitalis multifasciata*

KERNGEGEVENS

HET DIER

Volwassen grootte	**40-45 cm** totale lengte incl. staart
Levensduur	**15-20 jaar**
Actief	**Overdag en in de schemering**
Levenswijze	**Bodembewonend**
Leefgebied	**Woestijn en halfwoestijn**
Moeilijkheidsgraad	**Gevorderd**

VERZORGING

Min. terrarium	**150 × 60 × 45 cm** L × B × H voor 2 volwassen dieren
Temperatuur overdag	**21-29 °C**
Zonneplek	**37-40 °C**
Temperatuur ’s nachts	**18-24 °C**
Luchtvochtigheid	**20-40%**
Water	**Waterbak**
UVB	**Aanbevolen** Fergusonzone 3
Voeding	**Insecten, fruit, planten en wormen/slakken**
Gehouden	**Solitair of in paren**

KWEEK

Voortplanting	**Levendbarend**
Worpgrootte	**2-10 jongen**
Legsels per jaar	**1**
Draagtijd	**90-120 dagen**

BESCHERMING EN PAPIEREN

CITES	**Bijlage III**
EU-bijlage	**Bijlage C**
IUCN	**Niet bedreigd (LC)**

Verzorging in het kort

HET TERRARIUM	Little is known about the care of *Tiliqua multifasciata*.
TEMPERATUUR	The enclosure must have a clear gradient. The basking spot under a spotlight must have a surface temperature of 37-40 °C, and the rest of the enclosure must be 21-29 °C by day, coolest at the opposite end.
LUCHTVOCHTIGHEID EN WATER	The species comes from dry regions and thrives at a humidity of 20-40 %. Keep the substrate dry and the ventilation good, because persistent damp in the substrate can cause fungal infections on the belly and feet.
VERLICHTING EN UVB	The species lives in strong sunlight, so the enclosure must have strong light and UVB for 8-12 hours a day. Provide UVB corresponding to Ferguson zone 3 with a UV index of about 3 at the basking spot.
VOEDING	*Tiliqua multifasciata* is omnivorous and in the wild eats a large proportion of plant food: seeds and plant parts, but also insects and carrion. In captivity the diet must be varied.
GEDRAG EN OMGANG	The species is calm and sedentary and gets used to gentle handling, but is not an animal to be carried around. A threatened animal hisses with its mouth open and displays the blue tongue.
NATUURLIJK VERSPREIDINGSGEBIED	Australië.