herpy

SKINKEN

Peters' Banded Skink

Scincopus fasciatus

A heavy, nocturnal burrowing skink from the edges of the Sahara, yellow to orange with broad black crossbands. *Scincopus fasciatus* digs permanent burrows in sandy soil, eats insects and grows to 20-25 cm. It needs deep, sandy substrate, a warm basking spot, a dark hiding place and dry air.

Familie: Scincidae Vroegere naam: *Scincus fasciatus; Cyclodus brandtii*

KERNGEGEVENS

HET DIER

Volwassen grootte	**20-25 cm** totale lengte incl. staart
Levensduur	**10-15 jaar**
Actief	**'s nachts**
Levenswijze	**Gravend**
Leefgebied	**Woestijn, halfwoestijn en savanne**
Moeilijkheidsgraad	**Gevorderd**

VERZORGING

Min. terrarium	**90 × 45 × 45 cm** L × B × H voor 1 volwassen dier
Temperatuur overdag	**27-30 °C**
Zonneplek	**35-38 °C**
Temperatuur 's nachts	**20-25 °C**
Luchtvochtigheid	**20-45%**
Water	**Waterbak**
UVB	**Aanbevolen** Fergusonzone 1
Voeding	**Insecten, fruit en planten**
Gehouden	**Solitair of in paren**

KWEEK

Voortplanting	**Eierleggend**
Legselgrootte	**4-5 eieren**
Incubatie	**50-70 dagen** bij 27-30 °C

BESCHERMING EN PAPIEREN

CITES	**Niet opgenomen**
EU-bijlage	**Niet opgenomen**
IUCN	**Niet bedreigd (LC)**

Verzorging in het kort

HET TERRARIUM

Little is known about keeping *Scincopus fasciatus*, and the incubation and lifespan figures are borrowed from the related *Scincus scincus*. A single animal needs at least 90 × 45 × 45 cm (length × width × height).

TEMPERATUUR

By day the air should be 27-30 °C, and under a heat lamp a hide or a flat stone should reach 35-38 °C measured with an infrared thermometer. Put a thermostat on the heating. At night the temperature should be 20-25 °C.

LUCHTVOCHTIGHEID EN WATER

Humidity should be low, 20-45 %, with good ventilation. Provide a damp hide on the cool side, where the substrate under a piece of bark or stone is kept moist; it helps during shedding.

VERLICHTING EN UVB

Scincopus fasciatus is nocturnal, but weak UVB (Ferguson zone 1) is recommended. Use a UVB tube in a reflector above the basking spot and let the animal withdraw into shade.

VOEDING

Scincopus fasciatus eats mostly insects such as cockroaches, crickets, mealworms, silkworms and black soldier fly larvae. A little greens and fruit can be offered as a supplement.

GEDRAG EN OMGANG

The species is calm and tolerates handling, but is most active at night and spends the day underground. New animals are best left in peace for two to three weeks, until they eat steadily.

NATUURLIJK VERSPREIDINGSGEBIED

Marokko, Algerije, Tunesië, Westelijke Sahara, Mauritanië, Mali, Niger, Tsjaad, Soedan, Zuid-Soedan en Libië.