herpy

PIJLGIFKIKKERS

Andinobates tolimensis

Andinobates tolimensis is a small, diurnal poison dart frog of 17-19 mm with a brown back and a metallic yellow-bronze head. It is known only from a small patch of cloud forest in northern Tolima in Colombia, was first described in 2007 and is hardly kept. Its care is therefore based on the cool, humid mountain climate of its habitat.

Familie: Dendrobatidae Vroegere naam: *Ranitomeya tolimense; Ranitomeya tolimensis*

KERNGEGEVENS

HET DIER

Volwassen grootte	**17-19 mm** kop-romplengte
Levensduur	**5-10 jaar**
Actief	**Overdag**
Levenswijze	**Bodembewonend**
Leefgebied	**Bergbos**
Huidgif in het wild	**Mild**
Huidgif in gevangenschap	**Geen** Nakweekdieren. Wildvang kan het gif lang behouden
Moeilijkheidsgraad	**Ervaren**

KWEEK

Voortplanting	**Eierleggend**
Ontwikkeling	**Kikkervisjes worden naar het water gedragen**
Legplaats	**Op de grond**
Eieren per legsel	**1-2**
Uitkomen	**16-24 dagen**
Larvenperiode	**108-152 dagen** van uitkomen tot metamorfose
Voeding van de larven	**Algen/planten en kant-en-klaar voer**
Broedzorg	**Draagt de kikkervisjes**

VERZORGING

Min. terrarium	**45 × 45 × 60 cm** L × B × H voor 3 volwassen dieren
Temperatuur overdag	**19-23 °C**
Temperatuur ’s nachts	**15-19 °C**
Luchtvochtigheid	**85-100%**
Water	**Geen waterbak**
UVB	**Optioneel**
Voeding	**Kleine ongewervelden (springstaarten, fruitvliegen)**
Gehouden	**In paren of in groepen**

BESCHERMING EN PAPIEREN

CITES	**Bijlage II**
IUCN	**Kwetsbaar (VU)**

Verzorging in het kort

HET TERRARIUM

Little is known about the care of *Andinobates tolimensis*, and the species is hardly kept in captivity. The care is based on the habitat: cool, humid cloud forest with dense leaf litter, moss, dead wood and bromeliads.

TEMPERATUUR

Keep 19-23 °C by day and 15-19 °C at night, which suits cloud forest at about 1,800 m. Frogs from cool mountain forest tolerate heat poorly, so the enclosure must stand cool, without sun from windows and without heat lamps.

LUCHTVOCHTIGHEID EN SPROEIEN

Humidity should be 85-100 % all year, and the leaf litter should be constantly damp. Spray at least twice a day or use a fogger, and let the surfaces dry a little between sprayings so that mould does not develop.

WATER EN WATERKWALITEIT

The species does not need a water section. The water is found in the leaf axils of the bromeliads, where the tadpoles grow up, and it must be changed regularly so that it does not become cloudy.

VERLICHTING EN UVB

A. tolimensis lives in a dense forest with little light at ground level, so the light is primarily for the plants. Provide 10-12 hours of light a day with LED or fluorescent tubes and darkness at night.

VOEDING

The food is small arthropods: the smallest springtails and fruit flies (*Drosophila*) and small woodlice. Feed 3-4 times a week, and always leave live feeder insects in the enclosure.

GEDRAG EN OMGANG

Behaviour in captivity has not been documented. The frog lives on the forest floor in shade and hides in holes between the roots, in leaf litter and in moss. The male calls from the ground.

NATUURLIJK VERSPREIDINGSGEBIED

Colombia.