herpy

KIKKERS

Ebenau's Golden Frog

Mantella ebenaui

Mantella ebenaui is a small, diurnal frog from northern Madagascar. It is light brown to copper-coloured on the back, often with a pale X-shaped pattern, and black on the sides, and it reaches 20-26 mm. The species has one of the largest ranges in the genus, tolerates heat well and lays its eggs on land near water. Little is known about the care of this particular species.

Familie: Mantellidae

KERNGEGEVENS

HET DIER

Volwassen grootte	**20-26 mm** kop-romplengte
Levensduur	**4-8 jaar**
Actief	**Overdag**
Levenswijze	**Bodembewonend**
Leefgebied	**Droog bos en regenwoud**
Huidgif in het wild	**Mild**
Huidgif in gevangenschap	**Geen** Nakweekdieren. Wildvang kan het gif lang behouden
Moeilijkheidsgraad	**Gevorderd**

VERZORGING

Min. terrarium	**60 × 30 × 30 cm** L × B × H voor 4 volwassen dieren
Temperatuur overdag	**22-26 °C**
Temperatuur ’s nachts	**18-21 °C**
Luchtvochtigheid	**70-100%**
Water	**Waterbak** diepte 1-2 cm
UVB	**Optioneel** Fergusonzone 1
Voeding	**Kleine ongewervelden (springstaarten, fruitvliegen)**
Gehouden	**In groepen**

KWEEK

Voortplanting	**Eierleggend**
Ontwikkeling	**Kikkervisjes in het water**
Legplaats	**Op de grond**
Eieren per legsel	**25-30**
Larvenperiode	**56-70 dagen** van uitkomen tot metamorfose
Voeding van de larven	**Algen/planten en kant-en-klaar voer**
Broedzorg	**Geen**

BESCHERMING EN PAPIEREN

CITES	**Bijlage II**
IUCN	**Niet bedreigd (LC)**

Verzorging in het kort

HET TERRARIUM	Little is known about the care of *Mantella ebenaui*, and the species has received little attention in the hobby.
TEMPERATUUR	Because the species lives in the lowlands, it tolerates heat better than many others in the genus. Use 22-26 °C by day and 18-21 °C at night; the figures are borrowed from the genus and adapted to the species' lowland climate.
LUCHTVOCHTIGHEID EN SPROEIEN	Keep the humidity at 70-100 %. High humidity makes the animals show themselves more.
WATER EN WATERKWALITEIT	Place a shallow water bowl in the enclosure and keep it always full. The depth is 1-2 cm, so that the animals can easily get in and out.
VERLICHTING EN UVB	The light must suit the plants, but must not heat the enclosure. Provide a 10-12 hour day and darkness at night. There is no evidence that the species needs UVB.
VOEDING	The species is a micro-feeder and eats small arthropods. The main foods are fruit flies, springtails, small isopods and newly hatched crickets.
GEDRAG EN OMGANG	The species is shy in captivity and hides a great deal, but comes out more at high humidity and suitable warmth. Males are territorial and defend places where they call, while females are more withdrawn.
NATUURLIJK VERSPREIDINGSGEBIED	Madagaskar.