herpy

KAMELEONS

Jackson's Chameleon

Trioceros jacksonii

Trioceros jacksonii is a medium-sized chameleon from the mountain forests of Kenya and Tanzania. The male bears three forward-pointing horns, and the female gives birth to live young instead of laying eggs. The species needs cool nights, high night-time humidity and careful care, so it is mostly for the experienced keeper.

Familie: Chamaeleonidae Vroegere naam: *Chamaeleo jacksonii; Chamaeleon jacksonii*

KERNGEGEVENS

HET DIER

Volwassen grootte	**15-38 cm** totale lengte incl. staart
Levensduur	**5-9 jaar**
Actief	**Overdag**
Levenswijze	**Boombewonend**
Leefgebied	**Bergbos**
Moeilijkheidsgraad	**Gevorderd**

VERZORGING

Min. terrarium	**60 × 60 × 120 cm** L × B × H voor 1 volwassen dier
Temperatuur overdag	**20-24 °C**
Zonneplek	**27-30 °C**
Temperatuur 's nachts	**10-15 °C**
Luchtvochtigheid	**40-100%**
UVB	**Onmisbaar** Fergusonzone 3
Voeding	**Insecten**
Gehouden	**Solitair**

KWEEK

Voortplanting	**Levendbarend**
Geslachtsrijp	**5-12 maanden**
Worpgrootte	**8-30 jongen**
Draagtijd	**150-180 dagen**

BESCHERMING EN PAPIEREN

CITES	**Bijlage II**
EU-bijlage	**Bijlage B**
IUCN	**Niet bedreigd (LC)**

Verzorging in het kort

HET TERRARIUM
An adult needs a terrarium of at least 60 × 60 × 120 cm (length × width × height). Height matters more than floor area, because the species uses the full height.

TEMPERATUUR
The species is a highland animal and tolerates heat badly. The daytime temperature in the terrarium should be 20-24 °C. At the basking spot under the lamp it should be 27-30 °C.

LUCHTVOCHTIGHEID EN WATER
Humidity should follow the species' daily rhythm: about 90-100 % at night and 40-50 % by day. A constant 60-80 % is not correct and can make the animal ill. All surfaces must be dry during the day.

VERLICHTING EN UVB
The species is diurnal and needs a lot of light. A T5 HO tube of 6500 K or a powerful LED lamp across the whole width of the terrarium provides the light.

VOEDING
T. jacksonii is insectivorous. Prey must be no larger than the distance between the eyes. Vary the food: grasshoppers, crickets, cockroach nymphs, flies and small beetles.

GEDRAG EN OMGANG
The species is kept singly for life. Males are territorial and should never be able to see each other. Two animals are only brought together when a female is taken to a male for mating.

NATUURLIJK VERSPREIDINGSGEBIED
Kenia en Tanzania.