herpy

HAZELWORMACHTIGEN

Wiegmann's Alligator Lizard

Gerrhonotus liocephalus

Gerrhonotus liocephalus is a sturdy, brownish alligator lizard with pale crossbands, found in forest and scrub in the highlands of southern Mexico. It grows to 30-50 cm, is active by day, climbs well and lays eggs. Little is known about the care of this particular species, and most of what follows is based on its close relative *Gerrhonotus infernalis* from Texas and north-eastern Mexico.

Familie: Anguidae

KERNGEGEVENS

HET DIER

Volwassen grootte	**30-50 cm** totale lengte incl. staart
Levensduur	**10-15 jaar**
Actief	**Overdag**
Levenswijze	**Boombewonend en bodembewonend**
Leefgebied	**Bergbos**
Moeilijkheidsgraad	**Gevorderd**

VERZORGING

Min. terrarium	**90 × 60 × 60 cm** L × B × H voor 2 volwassen dieren
Temperatuur overdag	**24-29 °C**
Zonneplek	**35-40 °C**
Temperatuur 's nachts	**15-21 °C**
Luchtvochtigheid	**40-70%**
Water	**Waterbak**
UVB	**Aanbevolen** Fergusonzone 2
Voeding	**Insecten en wormen/slakken**
Gehouden	**Solitair of in paren**

KWEEK

Voortplanting	**Eierleggend**
Geslachtsrijp	**18-36 maanden**
Legselgrootte	**5-31 eieren**
Legsels per jaar	**1**
Incubatie	**50-70 dagen** bij 24-26 °C

BESCHERMING EN PAPIEREN

CITES	**Niet opgenomen**
EU-bijlage	**Niet opgenomen**
IUCN	**Niet bedreigd (LC)**

Verzorging in het kort

HET TERRARIUM	Little is known about the care of *Gerrhonotus liocephalus*.
TEMPERATUUR	The air in the enclosure should be 24-29 °C by day, with a basking spot of 35-40 °C under halogen spots where the animal can warm up. At night it should be cooler, around 15-21 °C. Measure with digital thermometers.
LUCHTVOCHTIGHEID EN WATER	Humidity should be moderate, around 40-70 %, with higher humidity in the hides. The figure is an estimate based on the climate.
VERLICHTING EN UVB	The species is active by day and needs strong light and UVB.
VOEDING	*Gerrhonotus liocephalus* feeds on insects and other small animals and hunts actively.
GEDRAG EN OMGANG	The species is shy but curious and can become very calm. It basks on branches and stones and hunts by creeping up on its prey, bending the front of the body into an S-shape and striking.
NATUURLIJK VERSPREIDINGSGEBIED	Mexico.