herpy

HAZELWORMACHTIGEN

Terrestrial Alligator Lizard

Abronia graminea

Abronia graminea is a small, emerald-green, arboreal alligator lizard from the cloud forests of southern Mexico. It reaches 20-30 cm, gives birth to live young and eats insects. It needs a tall, airy enclosure with moss and bromeliads, cooler temperatures than most terrarium animals and daily misting, without the air standing still. The species is threatened in the wild and is best suited to experienced keepers.

Familie: Anguidae Vroegere naam: *Gerrhonotus gramineus; Abronia taeniata graminea*

KERNGEGEVENS

HET DIER

Volwassen grootte	**20-30 cm** totale lengte incl. staart
Gewicht	**15-25 g**
Levensduur	**10-20 jaar**
Actief	**Overdag**
Levenswijze	**Boombewonend**
Leefgebied	**Bergbos**
Moeilijkheidsgraad	**Ervaren**

VERZORGING

Min. terrarium	**50 × 50 × 75 cm** L × B × H voor 2 volwassen dieren
Temperatuur overdag	**20-27 °C**
Zonneplek	**26-30 °C**
Temperatuur ’s nachts	**10-18 °C**
Luchtvochtigheid	**60-80%**
Water	**Geen waterbak**
UVB	**Aanbevolen** Fergusonzone 2
Voeding	**Insecten en wormen/slakken**
Gehouden	**Solitair of in paren**

KWEEK

Voortplanting	**Levendbarend**
Geslachtsrijp	**24-36 maanden**
Worpgrootte	**2-12 jongen**
Legsels per jaar	**1**
Draagtijd	**180-240 dagen**

BESCHERMING EN PAPIEREN

CITES	**Bijlage II**
EU-bijlage	**Bijlage B**
IUCN	**Bedreigd (EN)**

Verzorging in het kort

HET TERRARIUM

A pair needs an enclosure of at least 50 × 50 × 75 cm (length × width × height). Height matters more than floor area, but bigger is better, and 60 × 60 × 90 cm gives clearly more room.

TEMPERATUUR

Abronia graminea does not tolerate heat. The daytime temperature should be 20-27 °C, and the basking spot under a weak spotlight may reach 26-30 °C. The animal is most active at 24-27 °C.

LUCHTVOCHTIGHEID EN WATER

Relative humidity should be 60-80 %, with the highest values at night and after misting. Mist the plants, walls and animals lightly almost every day, ideally with a pressure sprayer or a fogger that produces a fine mist.

VERLICHTING EN UVB

The species is diurnal and needs UVB. The best option is natural, unfiltered sunlight, for example in an outdoor mesh cage in dry weather in summer, with shade and a cool surface so that the animal can move away.

VOEDING

Abronia graminea feeds on insects and other small animals. Offer crickets, grasshoppers, mealworms, cockroaches, snails, spiders and soft larvae, for example green caterpillars and fly larvae with a high calcium content.

GEDRAG EN OMGANG

The species is quiet and shy. The animal spends most of the day sitting still on a branch or in a bromeliad and basks for short periods. It is not an animal to be handled.

NATUURLIJK VERSPREIDINGSGEBIED

Mexico.