herpy

ECHTE HAGEDISSEN

Balkan Wall Lizard

Podarcis tauricus

Podarcis tauricus is a robust, diurnal, ground-dwelling lizard from south-eastern Europe and Asia Minor. It reaches 20-24 cm including the tail, is brown and green with two pale stripes along the side, and lives in open places with sand, grass and scattered vegetation. The species is common in the wild, but little is known about its care.

Familie: Lacertidae

KERNGEGEVENS

HET DIER

Volwassen grootte	**20-24 cm** totale lengte incl. staart
Levensduur	**5-10 jaar**
Actief	**Overdag**
Levenswijze	**Bodembewonend**
Leefgebied	**Gematigd bos en grasland**
Moeilijkheidsgraad	**Gevorderd**

VERZORGING

Min. terrarium	**100 × 50 × 50 cm** L × B × H voor 2 volwassen dieren
Temperatuur overdag	**22-30 °C**
Zonneplek	**40-45 °C**
Temperatuur 's nachts	**14-18 °C**
Luchtvochtigheid	**40-60%**
Water	**Waterbak**
UVB	**Aanbevolen** Fergusonzone 3
Winterrust	**8-12 °C** 8-12 weken
Voeding	**Insecten en kleine ongewervelden (springstaarten, fruitvliegen)**
Gehouden	**In paren**

KWEEK

Voortplanting	**Eierleggend**
Legselgrootte	**2-10 eieren**
Legsels per jaar	**2**
Incubatie	**35-45 dagen** bij 26-28 °C

BESCHERMING EN PAPIEREN

CITES	**Niet opgenomen**
EU-bijlage	**Niet opgenomen**
IUCN	**Niet bedreigd (LC)**

Verzorging in het kort

HET TERRARIUM

Little is known about the care of *Podarcis tauricus*, so the figures for care, incubation time and lifespan are borrowed from *Podarcis muralis*.

TEMPERATUUR

By day it should be 22-30 °C, and the basking spot should be 40-45 °C at the surface, measured with an infrared thermometer.

LUCHTVOCHTIGHEID EN WATER

Humidity should be moderate: 40-60% by day. The enclosure must be able to dry out completely, because stagnant, humid air causes skin problems and fungus.

VERLICHTING EN UVB

Podarcis tauricus is diurnal and lives in open, sunlit terrain, so the enclosure needs strong heat and UVB light. The species belongs to Ferguson zone 3, with a UV index of around 3-5 at the basking spot.

VOEDING

Podarcis tauricus eats small arthropods. Feeder insects can be crickets, small locusts, flies, fruit flies, springtails, spiders and woodlice, and mealworms and waxworms only in small amounts.

GEDRAG EN OMGANG

Podarcis tauricus is fast and alert, often basks in the open and flees when disturbed. Males form territories and defend them against other males, and two males together will fight.

NATUURLIJK VERSPREIDINGSGEBIED

Oekraïne, Moldavië, Roemenië, Hongarije, Noord-Macedonië, Bulgarije, Griekenland, Albanië en Turkije.