herpy

ECHTE HAGEDISSEN

Gallot's Lizard

Gallotia galloti

Gallotia galloti is a robust, diurnal lizard from Tenerife and La Palma. The males are black on the head and forebody with blue cheeks and flanks and grow to 44 cm. The species eats both insects and fruit, is shy and very aggressive towards its own kind, and is best kept as a pair in a large, sunny enclosure or an outdoor run.

Familie: Lacertidae

KERNGEGEVENS

HET DIER

Volwassen grootte	**30-44 cm** totale lengte incl. staart
Levensduur	**8-12 jaar**
Actief	**Overdag**
Levenswijze	**Rotsbewonend en bodembewonend**
Leefgebied	**Halfwoestijn en rotsachtig terrein**
Moeilijkheidsgraad	**Gevorderd**

VERZORGING

Min. terrarium	**100 × 70 × 60 cm** L × B × H voor 2 volwassen dieren
Temperatuur overdag	**25-31 °C**
Zonneplek	**35-45 °C**
Temperatuur ’s nachts	**15-21 °C**
Luchtvochtigheid	**40-60%**
Water	**Waterbak**
UVB	**Aanbevolen** Fergusonzone 3
Winterrust	**12-15 °C** 8-12 weken
Voeding	**Insecten, fruit en planten**
Gehouden	**In paren**

KWEEK

Voortplanting	**Eierleggend**
Geslachtsrijp	**24-36 maanden**
Legselgrootte	**2-9 eieren**
Legsels per jaar	**1-2**
Incubatie	**44-90 dagen** bij 28-31 °C

BESCHERMING EN PAPIEREN

CITES	**Bijlage III**
EU-bijlage	**Bijlage C**
IUCN	**Niet bedreigd (LC)**

Verzorging in het kort

HET TERRARIUM

Gallotia galloti digs and moves mostly on the ground, so floor area matters more than height. A pair needs an enclosure of at least 100 × 70 × 60 cm (length × width × height), corresponding to about 0.7 m² of floor area.

TEMPERATUUR

Gallotia galloti loves the sun and must be able to warm up. The daytime temperature in the enclosure is 25-31 °C, and a spotlight over a flat stone gives a surface temperature of 35-45 °C.

LUCHTVOCHTIGHEID EN WATER

The humidity should be 40-60 %. The enclosure must have good ventilation, and part of the substrate must be dry. The substrate is kept slightly moist, not wet, so that the leaf litter keeps holding the moisture.

VERLICHTING EN UVB

Gallotia galloti is diurnal and basks for several hours, so the enclosure needs strong light and UVB.

VOEDING

Gallotia galloti is omnivorous, and a large part of the adults' diet is plant food. Offer fruit such as banana, melon, figs, tomato and berries, flowers and leaves, soaked seeds and raw vegetables.

GEDRAG EN OMGANG

Gallotia galloti is shy and alert, and the animals keep fleeing wildly when anyone enters the room. Outdoors in a run they become more confident and can sometimes eat from the hand.

NATUURLIJK VERSPREIDINGSGEBIED

Spanje.