herpy

GEKKO'S

Morocco lizard-fingered gecko

Saurodactylus brosseti

Saurodactylus brosseti is a very small, ground-dwelling gecko from western Morocco. The body measures about 3 cm from snout to vent, and it is active during the day and at dusk. The species is a complex of cryptic species and almost unknown in captivity, so the guide is based on the climate of its range.

Familie: Sphaerodactylidae Vroegere naam: *Saurodactylus mauritanicus brosseti; Saurodactylus fasciatus brosseti*

KERNGEGEVENS

HET DIER

Volwassen grootte	**3 cm** kop-romplengte
Levensduur	**5-10 jaar**
Actief	**Overdag en in de schemering**
Levenswijze	**Bodembewonend**
Leefgebied	**Halfwoestijn en rotsachtig terrein**
Moeilijkheidsgraad	**Ervaren**

VERZORGING

Min. terrarium	**40 × 30 × 30 cm** L × B × H voor 2 volwassen dieren
Temperatuur overdag	**22-28 °C**
Zonneplek	**30-32 °C**
Temperatuur 's nachts	**12-18 °C**
Luchtvochtigheid	**40-60%**
UVB	**Aanbevolen** Fergusonzone 1
Voeding	**Insecten en kleine ongewervelden (springstaarten, fruitvliegen)**
Gehouden	**Solitair of in paren**

KWEEK

Voortplanting	**Eierleggend**
Legselgrootte	**1 eieren**
Incubatie	**60-90 dagen** bij 24-28 °C

BESCHERMING EN PAPIEREN

CITES	**Niet opgenomen**
EU-bijlage	**Niet opgenomen**
IUCN	**Niet bedreigd (LC)**

Verzorging in het kort

HET TERRARIUM	Almost nothing is known about keeping *Saurodactylus brosseti*. The climate in its range is Mediterranean, with hot, dry summers and mild, damper winters, and the species is a very small, ground-dwelling gecko.
TEMPERATUUR	By day the floor is kept at 22-28 °C with a small warm spot of 30-32 °C under a weak spotlight controlled by a thermostat. At night the temperature falls to 12-18 °C.
LUCHTVOCHTIGHEID EN WATER	Humidity should be 40-60 %. Mist the enclosure lightly every two to three days, so there are droplets on stones and leaves for the animal to drink, and let it dry out between mistings.
VERLICHTING EN UVB	*Saurodactylus brosseti* is active during the day and at dusk.
VOEDING	In the wild the species lives on small arthropods. The feeder animals must be very small, no larger than the animal's head: springtails, fruit flies, newly hatched crickets and small woodlice.
GEDRAG EN OMGANG	The species hunts as a sit-and-wait predator: it sits still and strikes when a small insect passes by. Behaviour in captivity is not documented. Keep the animal singly or a pair in a roomy enclosure with many hides.
NATUURLIJK VERSPREIDINGSGEBIED	Marokko.