herpy

GEKKO'S

Malaysia bent-toed gecko

Cyrtodactylus elok

A slender, nocturnal forest gecko from the rainforests of Malaysia with a prehensile tail, webbing between the toes and camouflage that makes it vanish against bark. It is rare in captivity, needs stable humidity and cool nights, and suits the experienced keeper.

Familie: Gekkonidae

KERNGEGEVENS

HET DIER

Volwassen grootte	**6-8 cm** kop-romplengte
Levensduur	**5-10 jaar**
Actief	**'s nachts**
Levenswijze	**Boombewonend**
Leefgebied	**Regenwoud**
Moeilijkheidsgraad	**Ervaren**

VERZORGING

Min. terrarium	**45 × 45 × 60 cm** L × B × H voor 1 volwassen dier
Temperatuur overdag	**22-27 °C**
Temperatuur 's nachts	**20-22 °C**
Luchtvochtigheid	**70-85%**
Water	**Waterbak**
UVB	**Optioneel**
Voeding	**Insecten**
Gehouden	**Solitair of in paren**

KWEEK

Voortplanting	**Eierleggend**
Legselgrootte	**1-2 eieren**
Incubatie	**60-90 dagen** bij 24-27 °C

BESCHERMING EN PAPIEREN

CITES	**Niet opgenomen**
EU-bijlage	**Niet opgenomen**
IUCN	**Niet bedreigd (LC)**

Verzorging in het kort

HET TERRARIUM

The animal uses height and needs a tall enclosure. A pair can be kept together, but only if there is space and many hides. One animal needs at least 45 × 45 × 60 cm (length × width × height), and a pair at least 60 × 45 × 60 cm.

TEMPERATUUR

Cyrtodactylus elok is not a sun-loving species and should not have a heat lamp. By day 22-27 °C is suitable, and at night the temperature should fall to about 20-22 °C.

LUCHTVOCHTIGHEID EN WATER

The humidity should be high, 70-85 %. Mist the enclosure thoroughly every day, preferably once in the evening, so that there are water droplets on leaves and branches for the animal to drink from.

WATER EN WATERKWALITEIT

Place a shallow, stable dish of fresh water on the floor or on a low branch. The water should be no more than 1-2 cm deep, so the animal does not drown, and be changed every day.

VERLICHTING EN UVB

The species is nocturnal and lives on trunks and branches in the shade of the forest. Strong UVB is not necessary, but a weak UVB source probably benefits the animal.

VOEDING

Cyrtodactylus elok eats live insects. Give small, varied feeder insects such as crickets, small roaches, fruit flies and moths.

GEDRAG EN OMGANG

The species is shy and vulnerable, and the animal is best suited as a display animal. Handling stresses it and should only happen when necessary. The animal can drop its tail if grabbed.

NATUURLIJK VERSPREIDINGSGEBIED

Maleisië en Thailand.