herpy

GEKKO'S

Zigzag velvet gecko

Amalosia rhombifer

Amalosia rhombifer is a small, nocturnal gecko from northern Australia with a pale, jagged zigzag pattern along the back. It lives in trees in open forest and savanna and hides under loose bark during the day. Little is known about its care, so the guide is based on the habitat and on related species.

Familie: Diplodactylidae Vroegere naam: *Oedura rhombifer*

KERNGEGEVENS

HET DIER

Volwassen grootte	**12-16 cm** totale lengte incl. staart
Levensduur	**8-12 jaar**
Actief	**'s nachts**
Levenswijze	**Boombewonend**
Leefgebied	**Savanne**
Moeilijkheidsgraad	**Gevorderd**

VERZORGING

Min. terrarium	**45 × 30 × 45 cm** L × B × H voor 1 volwassen dier
Temperatuur overdag	**24-28 °C**
Zonneplek	**30-33 °C**
Temperatuur 's nachts	**18-22 °C**
Luchtvochtigheid	**40-60%**
UVB	**Optioneel** Fergusonzone 1
Voeding	**Insecten**
Gehouden	**Solitair of in paren**

KWEEK

Voortplanting	**Eierleggend**
Legselgrootte	**2 eieren**
Legsels per jaar	**3-5**
Incubatie	**60-65 dagen** bij 27-29 °C

BESCHERMING EN PAPIEREN

CITES	**Niet opgenomen**
EU-bijlage	**Niet opgenomen**
IUCN	**Niet bedreigd (LC)**

Verzorging in het kort

HET TERRARIUM	Little is known about the care of *Amalosia rhombifer*.
TEMPERATUUR	By day the terrarium is kept at 24-28 °C, and under a heat source at one end it can be 30-33 °C, so the animal can choose for itself. At night the temperature may fall to 18-22 °C.
LUCHTVOCHTIGHEID EN WATER	Humidity should be moderate: 40-60 %. Mist one half of the enclosure lightly every second to third day, so bark and substrate dry out again within a day. In summer, in the rainy season, a little more misting can be done.
VERLICHTING EN UVB	The species is nocturnal and does not require UVB, but a weak UVB tube for shade-dwelling animals (Ferguson zone 1) over one side of the enclosure gives a more reliable calcium metabolism and does no harm when there is plenty of shade.
VOEDING	The gecko eats insects and other small arthropods: crickets, grasshoppers, small cockroaches, moths and small mealworms. Prey should be smaller than the distance between the animal's eyes.
GEDRAG EN OMGANG	*Amalosia rhombifer* is shy and fast and should not be handled more than necessary. It can drop its tail when it feels threatened, and the tail regrows in a different form. Never hold it by the tail.
NATUURLIJK VERSPREIDINGSGEBIED	Australië.