herpy

AGAMEN

Eyed Butterfly Agama

Leiolepis ocellata

Leiolepis ocellata is a ground-dwelling, diurnal agamid from northern Thailand that digs burrows in dry deciduous forest, grassland and fields. It differs from *Leiolepis belliana* in having large, eye-like spots on the back, and the females have a red chin. The species requires an enclosure with a deep, diggable substrate, strong heat and UVB, and in the wild it stays in its burrow during the cool season.

Familie: Agamidae Vroegere naam: *Leiolepis belliana ocellata*

KERNGEGEVENS

HET DIER

Volwassen grootte	**35-50 cm** totale lengte incl. staart
Gewicht	**45-100 g**
Levensduur	**8-10 jaar**
Actief	**Overdag**
Levenswijze	**Bodembewonend en gravend**
Leefgebied	**Savanne en droog bos**
Moeilijkheidsgraad	**Gevorderd**

VERZORGING

Min. terrarium	**120 × 60 × 50 cm** L × B × H voor 2 volwassen dieren
Temperatuur overdag	**26-35 °C**
Zonneplek	**35-37 °C**
Temperatuur ’s nachts	**20-25 °C**
Luchtvochtigheid	**40-70%**
Water	**Waterbak**
UVB	**Onmisbaar** Fergusonzone 3
Voeding	**Insecten en planten**
Gehouden	**Solitair of in paren**

KWEEK

Voortplanting	**Eierleggend**
Legselgrootte	**3-8 eieren**
Incubatie	**55-100 dagen** bij 27-33 °C

BESCHERMING EN PAPIEREN

CITES	**Niet opgenomen**
EU-bijlage	**Niet opgenomen**
IUCN	**Niet bedreigd (LC)**

Verzorging in het kort

HET TERRARIUM
There is little knowledge about the care of *Leiolepis ocellata*.

TEMPERATUUR
The basking spot should have a surface temperature of 35-37 °C. The air at the warm end is 30-35 °C, and the cool end is 26-29 °C. At night the temperature falls to 20-25 °C.

LUCHTVOCHTIGHEID EN WATER
In the range, humidity varies from about 50 % in the dry season to over 80 % in the rainy season. In the enclosure 40-70 % is suitable.

VERLICHTING EN UVB
The species is diurnal and basks in open country, so it needs strong light and UVB. Use a tube or LED of 6,500 K over the whole enclosure and a T5 HO UVB tube of 10-12 % over the basking spot.

VOEDING
Leiolepis ocellata is omnivorous and eats insects and young plant shoots. Give crickets, roaches, grasshoppers and mealworms, and offer dark green leaves such as dandelion, cabbage leaves and mustard greens as well as flowers.

GEDRAG EN OMGANG
The animal is shy and fast and flees into a burrow when anything moves. It tolerates handling poorly. The animals can be kept singly or in pairs. Two males must not be put together, because they fight.

NATUURLIJK VERSPREIDINGSGEBIED
Thailand en Myanmar (Birma).