herpy

AGAMEN

Mwanza Flat-headed Agama

Agama mwanzae

Agama mwanzae is a diurnal rock agama from the savanna and semi-desert of East Africa. The dominant male has a dark blue body and a red or violet head, neck and shoulders. The species is fast and a good climber, and it needs a spacious, dry enclosure with a very hot basking spot and strong UVB.

Familie: Agamidae

KERNGEGEVENS

HET DIER

Volwassen grootte	**15-23 cm** totale lengte incl. staart
Levensduur	**15 jaar**
Actief	**Overdag**
Levenswijze	**Rotsbewonend en bodembewonend**
Leefgebied	**Halfwoestijn, savanne en rotsachtig terrein**
Moeilijkheidsgraad	**Gevorderd**

VERZORGING

Min. terrarium	**90 × 60 × 60 cm** L × B × H voor 1 volwassen dier
Temperatuur overdag	**28-35 °C**
Zonneplek	**40-45 °C**
Temperatuur ’s nachts	**20-24 °C**
Luchtvochtigheid	**20-40%**
Water	**Waterbak**
UVB	**Onmisbaar** Fergusonzone 3
Voeding	**Insecten**
Gehouden	**Solitair of één mannetje met meerdere vrouwtjes**

KWEEK

Voortplanting	**Eierleggend**
Legselgrootte	**5-7 eieren**
Incubatie	**60-90 dagen** bij 26-29 °C

BESCHERMING EN PAPIEREN

CITES	**Niet opgenomen**
EU-bijlage	**Niet opgenomen**
IUCN	**Niet bedreigd (LC)**

Verzorging in het kort

HET TERRARIUM

Agama mwanzae is kept and bred in captivity, but its care is only sparsely described. The figures for breeding are borrowed from the closely related *Agama agama*.

TEMPERATUUR

Agama mwanzae needs a clear gradient. The basking spot should have a surface temperature of 40-45 °C, measured with an infrared thermometer. The warm end of the enclosure should be 30-35 °C and the cool end about 28 °C.

LUCHTVOCHTIGHEID EN WATER

Air humidity should be 20-40 %. Always keep a low, stable bowl of fresh water in the enclosure, and change the water daily, because the species drinks a lot.

VERLICHTING EN UVB

Agama mwanzae is diurnal and basks a great deal, so it needs strong light and UVB corresponding to Ferguson zone 3. Use a T5 HO tube of 10-12 % in a reflective fitting over the basking spot and the warm half of the enclosure.

VOEDING

Agama mwanzae is an insectivore. Offer a varied diet of well-fed insects: cockroaches and crickets as the staple, and mealworms and superworms in smaller amounts. Fatty insects such as waxworms are for treats only.

GEDRAG EN OMGANG

Agama mwanzae is fast, wary and territorial. Two males must never be kept together, because they fight and inflict serious injuries on each other.

NATUURLIJK VERSPREIDINGSGEBIED

Tanzania, Kenia en Rwanda.