herpy

SALAMANDRE E TRITONI

Chinhai Spiny Newt

Echinotriton chinhaiensis

Echinotriton chinhaiensis is a critically endangered salamander found only in a small area of Beilun District, east of Ningbo in Zhejiang, China. The eggs are laid on land beside small, still ponds, and the larvae live in the water for 58-88 days. The species reaches sexual maturity only after about ten years and can live to at least 20 years. Almost nothing is known about the care of adults.

Famiglia: Salamandridae Nome precedente: *Pleurodeles chinhaiensis; Tylototriton chinhaiensis* **Tossine cutanee lievi**

DATI ESSENZIALI

L'ANIMALE

Dimensioni da adulto	**14-21 cm** lunghezza totale inclusa la coda
Aspettativa di vita	**20-25 anni**
Attività	**Al crepuscolo e di notte**
Stile di vita	**Terrestre**
Habitat	**Zona umida e bosco e prato temperati**
Tossine cutanee	**Lievi** Lavati le mani dopo il contatto e tieni le dita lontane da occhi e bocca
Difficoltà	**Esperto**

CURA

Terrario min.	**60 × 40 × 40 cm** L × P × H per 3 adulti
Temperatura, giorno	**18-25 °C**
Temperatura, notte	**15-20 °C**
Umidità	**60-80%**
Acqua	**Parte acquatica** profondità 10-20 cm
UVB	**Non necessari**
Alimentazione	**Insetti e vermi/lumache**
Detenzione	**In coppia o in gruppo**

RIPRODUZIONE

Riproduzione	**Ovipara**
Sviluppo	**Larve in acqua**
Luogo di deposizione	**Sul terreno**
Uova per stagione	**3-46**
Schiusa	**29-31 giorni** a 20 °C
Periodo larvale	**58-88 giorni** dalla schiusa alla metamorfosi
Alimentazione delle larve	**Altri larve e piccoli invertebrati acquatici (dafnie, larve di zanzara)**
Cure parentali	**Nessuna**

TUTELA E DOCUMENTI

CITES	**Appendice II**
Allegato UE	**Allegato B**
IUCN	**In pericolo critico (CR)**

La cura in breve

IL TERRARIO	Little is known about the care of *Echinotriton chinhaiensis*. Most studies concern eggs and larvae.
TEMPERATURA	The temperature for adults is borrowed from *Echinotriton andersoni*: 18-25 °C by day and 15-20 °C at night. The requirements of adults have not been studied in *Echinotriton chinhaiensis*.
UMIDITÀ E NEBULIZZAZIONE	Humidity is borrowed from *Echinotriton andersoni*: 60-80 %. Keep the leaf litter and soil damp but not wet, and part of the substrate should be drier, so the animals can choose. Eggs on land must be kept moist at all times.
ACQUA E QUALITÀ DELL'ACQUA	The water area is a bowl-shaped depression, about 30 cm across and 10-20 cm deep in the middle, with an even slope all the way round, so the animals are not at risk of drowning.
ILLUMINAZIONE E UVB	UVB is not necessary. The animals are assumed to be most active at dusk and at night; this is borrowed from *Echinotriton andersoni*. A light period of about 10 hours suits, and the light must also be able to keep the plants alive.
ALIMENTAZIONE	The diet of adults is not documented. In *Echinotriton andersoni* it is earthworms, crickets, snails, woodlice and small beetles, and the food must be small enough to be swallowed whole.
COMPORTAMENTO E MANIPOLAZIONE	The behaviour of adults is not documented. The larvae are cautious: they avoid visible predators and reduce their activity when they sense predators by smell or sight. The animals are not suited to handling.
AREALE D'ORIGINE	Cina.