herpy

SALAMANDRE E TRITONI

Anderson's Crocodile Newt

Echinotriton andersoni

Echinotriton andersoni is a compact, dark brown to black salamander, 14-21 cm long, from the central Ryukyu Islands of Japan. It lives mostly on land in damp forest, has knob-like warts along its sides and can push the tips of its ribs out through the skin as a defence. The species is rare and little known in captivity.

Famiglia: Salamandridae Nome precedente: *Pleurodeles andersoni; Tylototriton andersoni* **Tossine cutanee lievi**

DATI ESSENZIALI

L'ANIMALE

Dimensioni da adulto	**14-21 cm** lunghezza totale inclusa la coda
Aspettativa di vita	**10-20 anni**
Attività	**Al crepuscolo e di notte**
Stile di vita	**Terrestre**
Habitat	**Foresta secca e zona umida**
Tossine cutanee	**Lievi** Lavati le mani dopo il contatto e tieni le dita lontane da occhi e bocca
Difficoltà	**Esperto**

CURA

Terrario min.	**60 × 40 × 40 cm** L × P × H per 3 adulti
Temperatura, giorno	**18-25 °C**
Temperatura, notte	**15-20 °C**
Umidità	**60-80%**
Acqua	**Parte acquatica** profondità 10-20 cm
UVB	**Non necessari**
Alimentazione	**Insetti e vermi/lumache**
Detenzione	**In coppia o in gruppo**

RIPRODUZIONE

Riproduzione	**Ovipara**
Sviluppo	**Larve in acqua**
Luogo di deposizione	**Sul terreno**
Uova per stagione	**3-46**
Schiusa	**20-27 giorni**
Periodo larvale	**70-100 giorni** dalla schiusa alla metamorfosi
Alimentazione delle larve	**Altri larve e piccoli invertebrati acquatici (dafnie, larve di zanzara)**
Cure parentali	**Nessuna**

TUTELA E DOCUMENTI

CITES	**Appendice III**
Allegato UE	**Allegato C**
IUCN	**Vulnerabile (VU)**

La cura in breve

IL TERRARIO	Little is known about the care of *Echinotriton andersoni*.
TEMPERATURA	The temperature is 18-25 °C by day and may fall to 15-20 °C at night. It should not stay above 25 °C for long. Heat lamps are unnecessary; keep the terrarium cool in summer and out of direct sun. Winter rest is not documented.
UMIDITÀ E NEBULIZZAZIONE	Humidity should be 60-80%. The leaf litter and soil are kept damp but not wet, and part of the substrate should be drier so the animals can choose. Provide a little air exchange so the air does not stand still.
ACQUA E QUALITÀ DELL'ACQUA	The water area is a bowl-shaped depression, about 30 cm in diameter and 10-20 cm deep in the middle, with an even slope all the way round, so the animals are never at risk of drowning.
ILLUMINAZIONE E UVB	The species lives hidden and is most active at dusk and at night. UVB is not necessary. A light period of about 10 hours is suitable, and the light must also be sufficient to keep the plants alive. Avoid direct sun.
ALIMENTAZIONE	The animals take earthworms, crickets, snails, woodlice and small beetles. Earthworms and crickets are suitable as the staple, and the feeder insects must be small enough for the animal to swallow whole.
COMPORTAMENTO E MANIPOLAZIONE	The animal lives hidden and is most visible at dusk and at night. Groups need plenty of hiding places. The animal is not suited to handling.
AREALE D'ORIGINE	Giappone.