herpy

IGUANES

Serrated Casquehead Iguana

Laemanctus serratus

Laemanctus serratus is an extremely slender, tree-dwelling lizard from the forests of eastern Mexico and Central America. It has long legs, an even longer tail, a small, backward-pointing casque with a serrated rear edge and a saw-toothed crest down its back. It is diurnal and eats insects. Its care is barely described and is based on its habitat and on its relative *Corytophanes cristatus*.

Famille: Corytophanidae Ancien nom: *Laemanctus alticoronatus*

INFORMATIONS ESSENTIELLES

L'ANIMAL

Taille adulte	**70 cm** longueur totale queue comprise
Espérance de vie	**5-8 ans**
Activité	**Le jour**
Mode de vie	**Arboricole**
Habitat	**Forêt sèche et forêt tropicale humide**
Difficulté	**Expérimenté**

ENTRETIEN

Terrarium min.	**100 × 50 × 120 cm** L × l × H pour 1 adulte
Température, jour	**27-30 °C**
Zone de bain de soleil	**32-35 °C**
Température, nuit	**21-24 °C**
Hygrométrie	**60-80 %**
Eau	**Gamelle d'eau**
UVB	**Indispensables** Zone de Ferguson 2
Alimentation	**Insectes**
Détention	**Seul**

REPRODUCTION

Reproduction	**Ovipare**
Taille de la ponte	**3-5 œufs**
Incubation	**60-90 jours** à 26-28 °C

PROTECTION ET FORMALITÉS

CITES	**Non inscrite**
Annexe UE	**Non inscrite**
UICN	**Préoccupation mineure (LC)**

L'entretien en bref

LE TERRARIUM	Very little is known about the care of *Laemanctus serratus*.
TEMPÉRATURE	The species is diurnal and lives in warm forest. The air should be 27-30 °C by day, and the basking spot, a thick branch under a lamp, should have a surface temperature of 32-35 °C, measured with an infrared thermometer.
HYGROMÉTRIE ET EAU	Humidity should be 60-70 % by day and rise to 70-80 % at night. The figure is borrowed from *Corytophanes cristatus*.
ÉCLAIRAGE ET UVB	*Laemanctus serratus* is diurnal and needs UVB all day. Ferguson zone 2 is an estimate based on its way of life, not a measurement: the species sits in trees and bushes and is not a pronounced basker.
ALIMENTATION	The species is an insectivore. Offer cockroaches (such as discoid and dubia), grasshoppers, crickets, silkworms, hornworms and superworms, and earthworms now and then. The feeder should be no larger than the animal's head.
COMPORTEMENT ET MANIPULATION	The species is not suitable for handling, and how it reacts to disturbance is not documented.
AIRE D'ORIGINE	Mexique, Belize, Guatemala et Honduras.