herpy

CAMALEONES

Globe-horned Chameleon

Calumma globifer

Calumma globifer is a large, calm and shy chameleon from the last remnants of rainforest in the central highlands of Madagascar. It grows to 30-40 cm, and the male carries two spherical knobs on the snout, which gave the species its name. The species is threatened in the wild, needs cool, humid air with good ventilation and is only for the very experienced keeper.

Familia: Chamaeleonidae Nombre anterior: *Chamaeleon globifer; Chamaeleo globifer; Calumma globiferum*

DATOS CLAVE

EL ANIMAL

Tamaño adulto	**30-40 cm** longitud total con la cola
Esperanza de vida	**4-8 años**
Activo	**De día**
Modo de vida	**Arborícola**
Hábitat	**Selva tropical y bosque de montaña**
Dificultad	**Experto**

CUIDADOS

Terrario mín.	**60 × 60 × 120 cm** L × An × Al para 1 adulto
Temperatura, día	**20-25 °C**
Punto caliente	**25-27 °C**
Temperatura, noche	**15-18 °C**
Humedad	**50-100 %**
UVB	**Imprescindible** Zona Ferguson 2
Alimentación	**Insectos**
Se mantiene	**En solitario**

CRÍA

Reproducción	**Ovípara**
Tamaño de la puesta	**25 huevos**
Incubación	**540 días** a 20-22 °C

PROTECCIÓN Y TRÁMITES

CITES	**Apéndice II**
Anexo de la UE	**Anexo B**
UICN	**En peligro (EN)**

Cuidados de un vistazo

EL TERRARIO

An adult needs an enclosure of at least 60 × 60 × 120 cm (length × width × height), and taller and larger is better.

TEMPERATURA

The daytime temperature should be 20-25 °C. On the top basking branch 25-27 °C is acceptable, but no higher, because the species comes from cool highlands and tolerates heat poorly.

HUMEDAD Y AGUA

Humidity should be high, up to 80-100 % at night and around 50 % by day. It is essential that humidity is combined with good air movement, so that branches and leaf surfaces dry out during the day.

ILUMINACIÓN Y UVB

The species is diurnal and needs bright daylight for 12 hours a day from a strong T5 HO tube or a powerful LED lamp along the length of the enclosure. UVB is necessary.

ALIMENTACIÓN

C. globifer eats insects: crickets, cockroaches, grasshoppers and stick insects, and fruit flies for the smallest. Feeder insects should be of suitable size.

COMPORTAMIENTO Y MANIPULACIÓN

The species is shy and quiet and relatively peaceful towards its own kind. Even so, males must not be kept together or be able to see each other. Avoid handling. Give a new animal two weeks in peace.

ÁREA DE DISTRIBUCIÓN NATURAL

Madagascar.